

Iterative Fourier Transform Algorithm (IFTA) Design via Module

Abstract



The Iterative Fourier Transform Algorithm (IFTA) is a powerful tool to perform structure design for diffusors, beam splitter and beam shapers. In this Use Case we will demonstrate how to control the design tool by a programmed module, providing a flexible workflow for the user to operate the IFTA even when using VirtualLab Fusion in batch mode or in a python environment.

This Use Case Shows

How to use a programmable module to perform an IFTA - design.



Design Task



The Module – Preparations I



The Module – Preparations II

<pre>amespace OwnCode { public class VLModule : IVLModule { //the path where all the data is located</pre>	21: D:\LightTrans\Iterative Fourier Tra	nsform Algorithm Opt	timization.dp	
<pre>string pathofIFTAInputData = @"D:\Data\IFTA Example"; //file name of the IFTA document which should be loaded from hard disc string filenameIFTA = "Iterative Fourier Transform Algorithm Optimization.dp";</pre> Specification Design Analysis				
<pre>//file name of the target pattern that shall be load into the IFTA string filenameTargetField = "Desired Output Field 3x4.ca2"; //define filename for storage of merit function values string filenameMeritFunctionValues = "Result.txt";</pre>	Design Method Iterative Fourier Transf	form Algorithm Approa	ch 🗸 Transmission Se	t Show
//define number of steps for each iteration	Design Steps	Number of Iteration	15	
<pre>int numberSteps_PhaseSynthesis = 25; int numberSteps_SNROptimization = 50; int numberSteps SoftQuantization = 100;</pre>	Generate Initial Transmission		Method Backward Propagated De	sired Output Fielc 🗸
<pre>int numberSteps_SRNforQuantization = 5000;</pre>	Signal Phase Synthesis	25	Soft Introduction of Transmission	Constraint
<pre>bool limitScaleFactor = true; double scaleFactorLimit = 1; public void Run() {</pre>	SNR Optimization for Phase-Only Transmission	50	Omit Final Transmission Projectio	n Constraint
<pre>//load IFTA from hard disc DesignAlgorithmHandler design = DesignAlgorithmHandler.Load(Path.Combine(pathofIFTAInputData, filenameIFTA)); //error handling if (design == null) {</pre>	Soft Quantization	100	Create Transmission Animation	Options
Globals.DataDisplay.LogError("IFTA could not be loaded!"); return; }	SNR Optimization for Quantized Transmission	5000	Create Output Field Animation	Options
//load signal field	Logging			
<pre>complexamplitude casignalield = complexamplitude.Load(Path.Combine(pathoficialnputData, filename(argetried)); //oppon bandling</pre>				Enable Logging
<pre>if (caSignalField == null) { Globals.DataDisplay.LogError("Signal could not be loaded!"); return;</pre>				Configure
}				Show Diagram
<pre>//set signal field to IFTA document design.ConstraintSpecification.SetSignalFieldAndSignalRegion(caSignalField.Field, null);</pre>				Silon Blagran
<pre>//define number of steps design.NumItSPO = numberSteps_PhaseSynthesis; design.NumItSNRPhase = numberSteps_SNROptimization; design.NumItSoftQuant = numberSteps_SoftQuantization; design.NumItSNRQuant = numberSteps_SRNforQuantization;</pre>				
<pre>//set parameter for limit scale factor design.ConstraintSpecification.LimitScaleFactor = limitScaleFactor; design.ConstraintSpecification.ScaleFactorLimitGoalEff = scaleFactorLimit;</pre>				U Preserve Table
	Progress in current design step			Start Design
<pre>//read sampling parameters from design document SamplingParameters sPara = new SamplingParameters(); sPara = new SamplingParameters(design.ConstraintSpecification.SamplingPoints, design.ConstraintSpecification.SamplingPoints,</pre>				

The Module – Preparations III

<pre>namespace OwnCode { public class VLModule : IVLModule { //the path where all the data is located</pre>	▶ * 39: D:\Data\\Iterative Fourier Transform Algorithm Optimiza	ition.dp 📃 🖃 💽	
<pre>string pathofIFTAInputData = @"D:\Data\IFTA Example"; //file name of the IFTA document which should be loaded from hard disc</pre>	Specification Design Analysis		
<pre>string filenameIFTA = "Iterative Fourier Transform Algorithm Optimization.dp"; //file name of the target pattern that shall be load into the IFTA string filenameTargetField = "Desired Output Field 3x4.ca2";</pre>	Input Field	Propagation	
<pre>//define filename for storage of merit function values string filenameMeritFunctionValues = "Result.txt";</pre>	Wavelength 649.82 nm	Type of Propagation 1f-/2f-Setup	
<pre>//define number of steps for each iteration int numberSteps_PhaseSynthesis = 25;</pre>	 Constant Input Field 	Focal Length1 m	
<pre>int numberSteps_SNROptimization = 50; int numberSteps_SoftQuantization = 100; int numberSteps_SRIPFOrQuantization = 5000;</pre>	Arbitrary Input Field Set Show	Embed Frame Width 0	
<pre>bool limitScaleFactor = true; double scaleFactorLimit = 1;</pre>	Transmission	Pixelation Factor 1	
public void Run() {	Sampling Points 801 × 750	Simulate Pixelation Exactly	
<pre>// DesignAlgorithmHandler design = DesignAlgorithmHandler.Load(Part.Combine(pathofIFTAInputData, filenameIFTA)); //error handling if (design == null) { (combine(pathofIFTAInputData, filenameIFTA)); //error handling if (design == null) {</pre>	Sampling Distance 1.62 µm × 1.73 µm	Output Plane Sampling	
return; }	Type of Continuous Phase-Only	Sampling Distance 500.78 µm × 500.83 µm	
<pre>//load signal field ComplexAmplitude caSignalField = ComplexAmplitude.Load(Path.Combine(pathofIFTAinputData, filenameTargetField)); //error handling</pre>	Number of 16 Quantization Levels	Field Size 401.13 mm × 375.62 mm	
<pre>if (caSignalField == null) { Globals.DataDisplay.LogError("Signal could not be loaded!"); return;</pre>	Output Field Requirements		
} //set signal field to IFTA document	Desired Output Field Set Show	🔁 Limit Stray Light	
<pre>design.ConstraintSpecification.SetSignalFieldAndSignalRegion(caSignalField.Field, n11); //define number of steps</pre>	Optimization Region Set Show	Maximum Relative Intensity 10 % 10 %	
<pre>design.NumItSPO = numberSteps_PhaseSynthesis; design.NumItSNRPhase = numberSteps_SNROptimization; design.NumItSoftQuant = numberSteps_SoftQuantization; design.NumItSNRQuant = numberSteps_SRNForQuantization;</pre>	Sample Optimization Region from Desired Output Field	Limit Feature Size	
<pre>//set parameter for limit scale factor design ConstraintSpecification limitScaleFactor = limitScaleFactor;</pre>	Allow Scale Freedom	Minimum Feature Size 1 µm	
<pre>design.ConstraintSpecification.ScaleFactorLimitGoalEff = scaleFactorLimit;</pre>	Limit Scale Factor According to Goal Efficiency 100 %	Maximum Stray Light Intensity for Higher Frequencies 0 %	
<pre>//read sampling parameters from design document SamplingParameters sPara = new SamplingParameters(); sPara = new SamplingParameters(design.ConstraintSpecification.SamplingPoints,</pre>			

The Module – Loading the Target Field and IFTA Parameters

<pre>namespace OwnCode { public class VLModule : IVLModule { //the path where all the data is located string pathofIFTAInputData = @"D:\Data\IFTA Example"; //file name of the IFTA document which should be loaded from hard disc string filenameIFTA = "Iterative Fourier Transform Algorithm Optimization. //file name of the target pattern that shall be load into the IFTA string filenameIargetField = "Desired Output Field 3x4.ca2"; //define filename for storage of merit function values string filenameMeritFunctionValues = "Result.txt"; //define number of steps for each iteration int numberSteps_SNROptimization = 50; int numberSteps_SRNforQuantization = 5000; bool limitScaleFactor = true; } } </pre>	dp";	In the first step, the previously specified IFTA DP-file will be loaded. All information about the optical setup will be extracted from this file. To perform the IFTA per module, a new <i>DesignAlgorithmHandler</i> is created.
<pre>double scaleFactorLimit = 1; double scaleFactorLimit = 1; public void Run() { //load IFTA from hard disc DesignAlgorithmHandler design = DesignAlgorithmHandler.Load(Path.Combi //error handling if (design == null) { Globals.DataDisplay.LogError("IFTA could not be loaded!"); return; } //load signal field ComplexAmplitude caSignalField = ComplexAmplitude.Load(Path.Combine(path); //error handling if (caSignalField == null) { Globals.DataDisplay.LogError("Signal could not be loaded!"); return; } } </pre>	ne(pathofIFTAInputData, filenameIFTA)); thofIFTAInputData, filenameTargetField));	In the next section, the desired output field is loaded from file, which was defined above. Please note, that the sampling parameters of this file must match the sampling specified in the DP-file, otherwise an error will occur.
<pre>//set signal field to IFTA document design.ConstraintSpecification.SetSignalFieldAndSignalRegion(caSignalA //define number of steps design.NumItSPO = numberSteps_PhaseSynthesis; design.NumItSNRPhase = numberSteps_SNROptimization; design.NumItSOftQuant = numberSteps_SoftQuantization; design.NumItSNRQuant = numberSteps_SRNforQuantization; //set parameter for limit scale factor design.ConstraintSpecification.LimitScaleFactor = limitScaleFactor; design.ConstraintSpecification.ScaleFactorLimitGoalEff = scaleFactorLimitSamplingParameters spara = new SamplingParameters();</pre>	<pre>ield.Field, null); mit;</pre>	Next, the parameters, which were defined above are loaded into the <i>DesignAlgorithmHandler</i> . In this example, only the <i>Limit</i> <i>Scale Factor According to Goal Efficiency factor</i> is specified, but all other parameter of the IFTA document can be adapted in the same way.

The Module – Performing the Design



VL_Files.WriteLineToLogFile(filenameMeritFunction, "Conversion Efficiency = " + <u>PhysicalUnits</u>.FormatPhysicalUnit(conversionEff, PhysicalProperty.Percentage)); VL_Files.WriteLineToLogFile(filenameMeritFunction, "Uniformity Error = " + <u>PhysicalUnits</u>.FormatPhysicalUnit(uniformityError, PhysicalProperty.Percentage));

The Module – Analysis of the Result



VL_Files.WriteLineToLogFile(filenameMeritFunction, "Conversion Efficiency = " + PhysicalUnits.FormatPhysicalUnit(conversionEff, PhysicalProperty.Percentage)); VL_Files.WriteLineToLogFile(filenameMeritFunction, "Uniformity Error = " + PhysicalUnits.FormatPhysicalUnit(uniformityError, PhysicalProperty.Percentage));

The Module – Export Output Data

//read sampling parameters from design document

if (design.Transmission != null) {
 //show initial transmission

ComplexAmplitude initialTransmission = new ComplexAmplitude(design.Transmission); initialTransmission.SamplingDistance = sPara.SamplingDistance; Globals.DataDisplay.ShowDocument(initialTransmission, "Initial Transmission");

//perform design

IterationDataOutput iterationDataOutput = new IterationDataOutput(); WorkerThread worker = new WorkerThread("Design", null, null, null); design.DoAllSelectedSteps(iterationDataOutput, worker);

//show optimized transmission

ComplexAmplitude optimizedTransmission = new ComplexAmplitude(design.Transmission); optimizedTransmission.SamplingDistance = sPara.SamplingDistance; Globals.DataDisplay.ShowDocument(optimizedTransmission, "Optimized Transmission");

Globals.DataDisplay.ShowDocument(resultField, "Optimized Output Field");

double conversionEff = design.GetConversionEfficiency(cfOutputField, sParaOutPutField); double uniformityError = design.GetUniformityError(cfOutputField, sParaOutPutField); //log conversion efficiency Globals.DataDisplay.LogMessage("Conversion Efficiency = " + <u>PhysicalUnits</u>.FormatPhysicalUnit(conversionEff, PhysicalProperty.Percentage));

Globals.DataDisplay.LogMessage("Uniformity Error = " + PhysicalUnits.FormatPhysicalUnit(uniformityError,
PhysicalProperty.Percentage));

Globals.DataDisplay.ShowDocument(design, "Modified Design (performed!)");

//define path for storing merit functions
string filenameMeritFunction = Path.Combine(pathofIFTAInputData, filenameMeritFunctionValues);
//check whether file already exist
if (File.Exists(filenameMeritFunction)) {
 File.Delete(filenameMeritFunction);
}

VL_Files.WriteLineToLogFile(filenameMeritFunction, "Conversion Efficiency = " + PhysicalUnits.FormatPhysicalUnit(conversionEff, PhysicalProperty.Percentage)); VL_Files.WriteLineToLogFile(filenameMeritFunction, "Uniformity Error = " + PhysicalUnits.FormatPhysicalUnit(uniformityError, PhysicalProperty.Percentage)); Finally, the resulting performance parameters are output in the *Messages* tab as well as exported in a text file.

[2023-10-04 15:38:54] Compile successful [2023-10-04 15:38:54] Module started [2023-10-04 15:39:20] Total Time: 00:00:24.9593766 [2023-10-04 15:39:21] Conversion Efficiency = 63.799 % [2023-10-04 15:39:21] Uniformity Error = 93.628 %

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Name		Änderungsdatum	Тур		Größe
C Exceptions		04.10.2023 12:47	Micro	soft Edge HTML D	472 KB
Kan Iterative Fourier Transform Algorithm	n Optimization	04.10.2023 15:29	DP-Da	itei	352 KB
KT_Logo		04.10.2023 13:44	CA2-I	Datei	14 KB
Module_Programming of IFTA Modu	File Edit Sear	Example\Result.txt - Notepad- ch View Encoding Langu a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	++ Jage Settin 亡 趙 🍓	gs Tools Macro	Run Plugins Window
The name of the putput file has been	Result.bt X 1 Convers 2 Uniform 3	sion Efficiency = 63. nity Error = 93.628 %	.799 %		

Results – Output Original Field



title	IFTA optimization per Module
document code	SWF.0048
document version	1.0
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further reading	- Design of a Diffractive Diffuser to Generate a LightTrans Mark